

Foundations of Math II

p. 405 #1, 2, 7, 13, 14

1. a) $x^2 - 11x + 28 = 0$
 $(x-7)(x-4) = 0$
 $x-7=0, x-4=0$
 $x=7, x=4$

b) $x^2 - 7x - 30 = 0$
 $(x-10)(x+3) = 0$
 $x-10=0, x+3=0$
 $x=10, x=-3$

mult=10
add=-11

c) $2y^2 + 11y + 5 = 0$
 $2y^2 + y + 10y + 5 = 0$
 $y(2y+1) + 5(2y+1) = 0$
 $(2y+1)(y+5) = 0$
 $2y+1=0, y+5=0$
 $2y=-1, y=-5$
 $y = -\frac{1}{2}, y = -5$

d) $4t^2 + 7t - 15 = 0$
 $4t^2 + 12t - 5t - 15 = 0$
 $4t(t+3) - 5(t+3) = 0$
 $(t+3)(4t-5) = 0$
 $t+3=0, 4t-5=0$
 $t=-3, 4t=5$
 $t = -3, t = \frac{5}{4}$

mult=-60
add=7

2. a) $x^2 - 121 = 0$
 $(x-11)(x+11) = 0$
 $x-11=0, x+11=0$
 $x=11, x=-11$

b) $9r^2 - 100 = 0$
 $(3r-10)(3r+10) = 0$
 $3r-10=0, 3r+10=0$
 $3r=10, 3r=-10$
 $r = \frac{10}{3}, r = -\frac{10}{3}$

c) $x^2 - 15x = 0$
 $x(x-15) = 0$
 $x=0, x-15=0$
 $x=15$

d) $3y^2 + 48y = 0$
 $3y(y+16) = 0$
 $3y=0, y+16=0$
 $y=0, y=-16$

e) $s^2 - 12s + 36 = 0$
 $(s-6)(s-6) = 0$
 $s-6=0$
 $s=6$

f) $16p^2 + 8p + 1 = 0$
 $16p^2 + 4p + 4p + 1 = 0$
 $4p(4p+1) + 1(4p+1) = 0$
 $(4p+1)(4p+1) = 0$
 $4p+1=0$
 $4p=-1$
 $p = -\frac{1}{4}$

mult=16
add=8

brackets are the same so you need to solve only one

p. 405 cont.

$$\begin{aligned} 2. \quad g) \quad & -14z^2 + 35z = 0 \\ & -7z(2z - 5) = 0 \\ & -7z = 0, \quad 2z - 5 = 0 \\ & z = 0 \quad 2z = 5 \\ & \quad \quad z = \frac{5}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} h) \quad & 5q^2 - 9q = 0 \\ & q(5q - 9) = 0 \\ & q = 0, \quad 5q - 9 = 0 \\ & \quad \quad 5q = 9 \\ & \quad \quad q = \frac{9}{5} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 7. \quad & x = -5, \quad x = -12 \\ & x + 5 = 0 \quad x + 12 = 0 \\ & y = (x + 5)(x + 12) \end{aligned}$$

$$13. \quad P(n) = -0.25n^2 + 6n - 27$$

a) break even is zero profit

$$\frac{0}{-0.25} = \frac{-0.25n^2}{-0.25} + \frac{6n}{-0.25} - \frac{27}{-0.25}$$

$$0 = n^2 - 24 + 108$$

$$0 = (n - 6)(n - 18)$$

$$n - 6 = 0, \quad n - 18 = 0$$

$$n = 6 \quad n = 18$$

600 or 1800 posters

$$-1, -108$$

$$-2, -54$$

$$-3, -36$$

$$-4, -27$$

$$-6, -18$$

$$b) \quad 5 = -0.25n^2 + 6n - 27$$

$$\frac{0}{-0.25} = \frac{-0.25n^2}{-0.25} + \frac{6n}{-0.25} - \frac{32}{-0.25}$$

$$0 = n^2 - 24 + 128$$

$$0 = (n - 8)(n - 16)$$

$$n - 8 = 0, \quad n - 16 = 0$$

$$n = 8 \quad n = 16$$

800 or 1600 posters

$$-1, -128$$

$$-2, -64$$

$$-4, -32$$

$$-8, -16$$

