

# Calculus 6-5

$$1. a) F(x) = (5-3x)^7$$
$$F'(x) = 7(5-3x)^6(-3)$$
$$= -21(5-3x)^6$$

$$b) F(x) = (2x^2+1)^{20}$$
$$F'(x) = 20(2x^2+1)^{19}(4x)$$
$$= 80x(2x^2+1)^{19}$$

$$c) G(x) = (x^3+x^2-2)^{\frac{3}{4}}$$
$$G'(x) = \frac{3}{4}(x^3+x^2-2)^{-\frac{1}{4}}(3x^2+2x)$$
$$= \frac{3(3x^2+2x)}{4(x^3+x^2-2)^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$
$$= \frac{9x^2+6x}{4\sqrt[4]{x^3+x^2-2}}$$

$$d) G(x) = \sqrt{x^4-x+1}$$
$$= (x^4-x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$
$$G'(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x^4-x+1)^{-\frac{1}{2}}(4x^3-1)$$
$$= \frac{4x^3-1}{2\sqrt{x^4-x+1}}$$

$$e) y = \sqrt[4]{x^2+x}$$
$$= (x^2+x)^{\frac{1}{4}}$$
$$y' = \frac{1}{4}(x^2+x)^{-\frac{3}{4}}(2x+1)$$
$$= \frac{2x+1}{4(x^2+x)^{\frac{3}{4}}}$$

$$f) y = (1+3x+4x^2)^{-3}$$
$$y' = -3(1+3x+4x^2)^{-4}(3+8x)$$
$$= \frac{-3(3+8x)}{(1+3x+4x^2)^4}$$
$$= \frac{-9-24x}{(1+3x+4x^2)^4}$$

6-5 cont.

1. g)  $y = \frac{1}{(x^3+2x+1)^2}$

$= (x^3+2x+1)^{-2}$

$y' = -2(x^3+2x+1)^{-3}(3x^2+2)$

$= \frac{-2(3x^2+2)}{(x^3+2x+1)^3}$

$= \frac{-6x^2-4}{(x^3+2x+1)^3}$

h)  $y = \frac{4}{\sqrt{9-x^2}}$

$= 4(9-x^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

$y' = 4(-\frac{1}{2})(9-x^2)^{-\frac{3}{2}}(-2x)$

$= 4x$

$(9-x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}$

i)  $y = (1+2\sqrt{x})^6$

$y' = 6(1+2\sqrt{x})^5 \cdot \frac{1}{2} x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

$= \frac{6(1+2\sqrt{x})^5}{\sqrt{x}}$

j)  $y = \sqrt{x+\sqrt{x}}$

$y = (x+(x)^{\frac{1}{2}})^{\frac{1}{2}}$

$y' = \frac{1}{2}(x+\sqrt{x})^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot (1+\frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}})$

$= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x}}} \cdot \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}\right)$

$= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x}}} \cdot \frac{2\sqrt{x}+1}{2\sqrt{x}}$

$= \frac{2\sqrt{x}+1}{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x}}}$

k)  $y = x - \sqrt[5]{1+x^5-6x^{10}}$

$y = x - (1+x^5-6x^{10})^{\frac{1}{5}}$

$y' = 1 - \frac{1}{5}(1+x^5-6x^{10})^{-\frac{4}{5}}(5x^4-60x^9)$

$= 1 - \frac{5x^4-60x^9}{5(1+x^5-6x^{10})^{\frac{4}{5}}}$

$= 1 - \frac{(x^4-12x^9)}{(1+x^5-6x^{10})^{\frac{4}{5}}}$

l)  $y = x^2 + (x^2-1)^5$

$y' = 2x + 5(x^2-1)^4 \cdot 2x$

$= 2x + 10x(x^2-1)^4$

6-5 cont.

2. a)  $F(x) = x\sqrt{x^2+1}$

$$= x(x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$F'(x) = x \cdot \frac{1}{2}(x^2+1)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 2x + \sqrt{x^2+1} \cdot 1$$

$$= \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} + \sqrt{x^2+1} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{x^2+1}}$$

$$= \frac{x^2 + x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{x^2+1}}$$

$$= \frac{2x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{x^2+1}}$$

b)  $F(x) = (2x+1)(4x-1)^5$

$$F'(x) = (2x+1) \cdot 5(4x-1)^4(4) + (4x-1)^5(2)$$

$$= 20(2x+1)(4x-1)^4 + 2(4x-1)^5$$

$$= (4x-1)^4 [20(2x+1) + 2(4x-1)]$$

$$= (4x-1)^4 (40x+20+8x-2)$$

$$= (4x-1)^4 (48x+18)$$

$$= 6(4x-1)^4 (8x+3)$$

c)  $G(x) = (x^2-1)^4(2-3x)$

$$G'(x) = (x^2-1)^4(-3) + (2-3x)4(x^2-1)^3(2x)$$

$$= -3(x^2-1)^4 + 8x(2-3x)(x^2-1)^3$$

$$= (x^2-1)^3 [-3(x^2-1) + 8x(2-3x)]$$

$$= (x^2-1)^3 (-3x^2+3+16x-24x^2)$$

$$= (x^2-1)^3 (-27x^2+16x+3)$$

d)  $G(x) = (x^4-x+1)^2(x^2-2)^3$

$$G'(x) = (x^4-x+1)^2 \cdot 3(x^2-2)^2 \cdot 2x + (x^2-2)^3 \cdot 2(x^4-x+1)(4x^3-1)$$

$$= 6x(x^4-x+1)^2(x^2-2)^2 + 2(x^2-2)^3(x^4-x+1)(4x^3-1)$$

$$= 2(x^4-x+1)(x^2-2)^2 [3x(x^4-x+1) + (x^2-2)(4x^3-1)]$$

$$= 2(x^4-x+1)(x^2-2)^2 (3x^5-3x^2+3x+4x^5-x^2-8x^3+2)$$

$$= 2(x^4-x+1)(x^2-2)^2 (7x^5-8x^3-4x^2+3x+2)$$

6-5 cont.

$$2. e) F(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{2x+3}}$$

$$F'(x) = \frac{\sqrt{2x+3} \cdot 1 - x \cdot \frac{1}{2} (2x+3)^{-\frac{1}{2}} (2)}{\sqrt{2x+3}^2}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2x+3} - \frac{2x}{\sqrt{2x+3}}}{2\sqrt{2x+3}}$$

$$= \frac{2x+3}{2x+3}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2x+3} \cdot \sqrt{2x+3} - x}{\sqrt{2x+3} \cdot \sqrt{2x+3}}$$

$$= \frac{(2x+3) - x}{\sqrt{2x+3}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2x+3}}$$

$$= \frac{x+3}{(2x+3)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

$$f) f(t) = \frac{(1+2t)^5}{(3t^2-5)^2}$$

$$f'(t) = \frac{(3t^2-5)^2 \cdot 5(1+2t)^4 (2) - (1+2t)^5 \cdot 2(3t^2-5)(6t)}{(3t^2-5)^2}$$

$$= \frac{10(3t^2-5)^2 (1+2t)^4 - 12t(1+2t)^5 (3t^2-5)}{(3t^2-5)^4}$$

$$= \frac{2(3t^2-5)(1+2t)^4 [5(3t^2-5) - 6t(1+2t)]}{(3t^2-5)^4}$$

$$= \frac{2(3t^2-5)(1+2t)^4 (15t^2 - 25 - 6t - 12t^2)}{(3t^2-5)^3}$$

$$= \frac{2(1+2t)^4 (3t^2 - 6t - 25)}{(3t^2-5)^3}$$

6-5 cont.

2. g)  $g(x) = \left(\frac{x+2}{x-2}\right)^3$

$$\begin{aligned} g'(x) &= 3 \left(\frac{x+2}{x-2}\right)^2 \left[ \frac{(x-2) \cdot 1 - (x+2) \cdot (-1)}{(x-2)^2} \right] \\ &= 3 \frac{(x+2)^2}{(x-2)^2} \cdot \frac{x-2 - (-x-2)}{(x-2)^2} \\ &= 3 \frac{(x+2)^2 (-4)}{(x-2)^4} \\ &= \frac{-12(x+2)^2}{(x-2)^4} \end{aligned}$$

h)  $h(t) = \left(\frac{t^2+1}{t+1}\right)^{10}$

$$\begin{aligned} h'(t) &= 10 \left(\frac{t^2+1}{t+1}\right)^9 \left[ \frac{(t+1)(2t) - (t^2+1)(1)}{(t+1)^2} \right] \\ &= 10 \frac{(t^2+1)^9}{(t+1)^9} \cdot \frac{2t^2+2t-t^2-1}{(t+1)^2} \\ &= \frac{10(t^2+1)(t^2+2t-1)}{(t+1)^{11}} \end{aligned}$$

i)  $y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2-1}{x^2+1}}$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x^2-1}{x^2+1}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \left[ \frac{(x^2+1)2x - (x^2-1)2x}{(x^2+1)^2} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \frac{(x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{(x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{2}}} \cdot \frac{2x^3+2x-2x^3+2x}{(x^2+1)^2} \\ &= \frac{(x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \frac{2}{x}}{2(x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{2}} (x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \\ &= \frac{2x}{(x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{2}} (x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\frac{x^2-1}{x^2+1}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} =$$

$$\frac{1}{(x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{2}} (x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{2}}} =$$

$$1 \cdot \frac{(x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{(x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{2}}} =$$

$$\frac{(x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{(x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{2}}} =$$

6-5 cont.

2. j)  $y = \frac{(2x+3)^3}{\sqrt{4x-7}}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y' &= \frac{(4x-7)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 3(2x+3)^2(2) - (2x+3)^3 \cdot \frac{1}{2}(4x-7)^{-\frac{1}{2}}(4)}{(4x-7)^2} \\
 &= \frac{6(4x-7)^{\frac{1}{2}}(2x+3)^2 - 2(2x+3)^3(4x-7)^{-\frac{1}{2}}}{4x-7} \\
 &= \frac{2(2x+3)^2(4x-7)^{-\frac{1}{2}} [3(4x-7) - (2x+3)]}{4x-7} \\
 &= \frac{2(2x+3)^2(12x-21-2x-3)}{(4x-7)^{\frac{1}{2}}(4x-7)} \\
 &= \frac{2(2x+3)^2(10x-24)}{(4x-7)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \\
 &= \frac{4(2x+3)^2(5x-12)}{(4x-7)^{\frac{3}{2}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

k)  $y = 3\sqrt{x}(2x+1)^5 + \sqrt{4x-3}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y' &= 3x^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 5(2x+1)^4(2) + (2x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 3x^{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{2}(4x-3)^{-\frac{1}{2}}(4) \\
 &= 30x^{\frac{1}{2}}(2x+1)^4 + \frac{3}{2}x^{\frac{1}{2}}(2x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}} + 2(4x-3)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \\
 &= 30x^{\frac{1}{2}}(2x+1)^4 + \frac{3(2x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2x^{\frac{1}{2}}} + \frac{2}{(4x-3)^{\frac{1}{2}}} \\
 &= \frac{30x^{\frac{1}{2}}(2x+1)^4(2x^{\frac{1}{2}})}{2x^{\frac{1}{2}}} + \frac{3(2x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2x^{\frac{1}{2}}} + \frac{2}{(4x-3)^{\frac{1}{2}}} \\
 &= \frac{60x(2x+1)^4 + 3(2x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2x^{\frac{1}{2}}} + \frac{2}{(4x-3)^{\frac{1}{2}}} \\
 &= \frac{3(2x+1)^4(20x+2x+1)}{2x^{\frac{1}{2}}} + \frac{2}{(4x-3)^{\frac{1}{2}}} \\
 &= \frac{3(2x+1)^4(22x+1)}{2x^{\frac{1}{2}}} + \frac{2}{(4x-3)^{\frac{1}{2}}} \\
 &= \frac{3(2x+1)^4(22x+1)}{2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{4x-3}}
 \end{aligned}$$

6-5 cont.

$$2.1) y = \sqrt{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}}$$

$$y = (1 + x^{\frac{1}{3}})^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2} (1 + x^{\frac{1}{3}})^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{3} x^{-\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{6 \sqrt{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}} \sqrt[3]{x^2}}$$

$$m) y = (t + \sqrt[3]{t + t^2})^{20}$$

$$y' = 20 (t + \sqrt[3]{t + t^2})^{19} \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{3} (t + t^2)^{-\frac{2}{3}} (1 + 2t) \right]$$

$$= 20 (t + \sqrt[3]{t + t^2})^{19} \left[ 1 + \frac{(1 + 2t)}{3(t + t^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}} \right]$$

$$n) y = \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}}$$

$$y = \left[ x + (x + x^{\frac{1}{2}})^{\frac{1}{2}} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2} \left[ x + (x + x^{\frac{1}{2}})^{\frac{1}{2}} \right]^{-\frac{1}{2}} \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{2} (x + x^{\frac{1}{2}})^{-\frac{1}{2}} (1 + \frac{1}{2} x^{-\frac{1}{2}}) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2 \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}}} \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{2 \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{2 \sqrt{x}} \right) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2 \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}}} \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{2 \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}} + \frac{1}{4 \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x}} \right]$$

If you get rid of the fraction in the numerator of their answer you will get the same answer as I have:

their answer:  $y' = \frac{1}{2 \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}}} \left( 1 + \frac{1 + \frac{1}{2 \sqrt{x}}}{2 \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}} \right)$

$$\frac{2 \sqrt{x}}{2 \sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{2 \sqrt{x}} = \frac{2 \sqrt{x} + 1}{2 \sqrt{x}}$$

$$\frac{2 \sqrt{x} + 1}{2 \sqrt{x}} \cdot \frac{1}{2 \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}} = \frac{2 \sqrt{x} + 1}{4 \sqrt{x} \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}}$$

$$\frac{2 \sqrt{x}}{2 \sqrt{x} \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}} + \frac{1}{4 \sqrt{x} \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}} = \frac{2 \sqrt{x} + 1}{4 \sqrt{x} \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}}$$