

Calculus 6-3

1. a) $f(x) = (2x-1)(x^2+1)$

$$f'(x) = (2x-1)(2x) + (x^2+1)(2)$$

b) $f(x) = x(3x-8)$

$$f'(x) = x(3) + (3x-8)1$$

c) $y = x^2(1+x-3x^2)$

$$y' = x^2(1+6x) + (1+x-3x^2)(2x)$$

d) $y = (x^3+x^2+1)(x^2+2)$

$$y' = (x^3+x^2+1)(2x) + (x^2+2)(3x^2+2x)$$

e) $f(t) = (t^4+t^2-1)(t^2-2)$

$$f'(t) = (t^4+t^2-1)(2t) + (t^2-2)(4t^3+2t)$$

f) $f(t) = \sqrt{t}(1-t)$

$$= t^{\frac{1}{2}}(1-t)$$

$$f'(t) = t^{\frac{1}{2}}(-1) + (1-t)\left(\frac{1}{2}t^{-\frac{1}{2}}\right)$$

g) $F(y) = -\sqrt{y}(y-2\sqrt{y}+2)$

$$= y^{\frac{1}{2}}(y-2y^{\frac{1}{2}}+2)$$

$$F'(y) = y^{\frac{1}{2}}(1-y^{\frac{1}{2}}) + (y-2y^{\frac{1}{2}}+2)\left(\frac{1}{2}y^{-\frac{1}{2}}\right)$$

h) $G(y) = (y-y^2)(2y-y^{\frac{4}{3}})$

$$G'(y) = (y-y^2)\left(2-\frac{4}{3}y^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + (2y-y^{\frac{4}{3}})(1-2y)$$

2. a) $y = x^3(x^2+2x+3)$

$$y' = x^3(2x+2) + (x^2+2x+3)(3x^2)$$

$$= 2x^4+2x^3+3x^4+6x^3+9x^2$$

$$= 5x^4+8x^3+9x^2$$

6 - 3 cont.

2. cont.

$$b) y = x^{-2}(x^3 - 3x^2 + 6)$$

$$\begin{aligned}y' &= x^{-2}(3x^2 - 6x) + (x^3 - 3x^2 + 6)(-2x^{-3}) \\&= 3x^0 - 6x^{-1} - 2x^0 + 6x^{-1} - 12x^{-3} \\&= 1 - 12x^{-3}\end{aligned}$$

$$c) f(x) = (1-x^2)(2-x^3)$$

$$\begin{aligned}f'(x) &= (1-x^2)(-3x^2) + (2-x^3)(-2x) \\&= -3x^2 + 3x^4 - 4x + 2x^4 \\&= 5x^4 - 3x^2 - 4x\end{aligned}$$

$$d) f(x) = (3x^3 + 4)(1-2x^3)$$

$$\begin{aligned}f'(x) &= (3x^3 + 4)(-6x^2) + (1-2x^3)(9x^2) \\&= -18x^5 - 24x^2 + 9x^2 - 18x^5 \\&= -36x^5 - 15x^2\end{aligned}$$

$$e) f(t) = (b+t^{-2})(8t^{10} - 5t^3)$$

$$\begin{aligned}f'(t) &= (b+t^{-2})(80t^9 - 15t^2) + (8t^{10} - 5t^3)(-2t^{-3}) \\&= 480t^9 - 90t^2 + 80t^7 - 15t^6 - 16t^7 + 10t^6 \\&= 480t^9 + 64t^7 - 90t^2 - 5\end{aligned}$$

$$f) f(t) = (at+b)(ct^2-d)$$

$$\begin{aligned}f'(t) &= (at+b)(2ct) + (ct^2-d)(a) \\&= 2act^2 + 2bct + act^2 - ad \\&= 3act^2 + 2bct - ad\end{aligned}$$

$$g) g(u) = \sqrt{u}(2-u^2+5u^4)$$

$$\begin{aligned}g'(u) &= u^{\frac{1}{2}}(-2u+20u^3) + (2-u^2+5u^4)(\frac{1}{2}u^{\frac{1}{2}}) \\&= -2u^{\frac{3}{2}} + 20u^{\frac{7}{2}} + u^{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{2}u^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{5}{2}u^{\frac{5}{2}} \\&= \frac{-5}{2}u^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{45}{2}u^{\frac{7}{2}} + u^{\frac{1}{2}}\end{aligned}$$

1.6 - 3 cont.

2. cont.

$$\begin{aligned} h) g(v) &= (v - \sqrt{v})(v^2 + \sqrt{v}) \\ g'(v) &= (v - v^{\frac{1}{2}})(2v + \frac{1}{2}v^{-\frac{1}{2}}) + (v^2 + v^{\frac{1}{2}})(1 - \frac{1}{2}v^{-\frac{1}{2}}) \\ &= 2v^2 + \frac{1}{2}v^{\frac{1}{2}} - 2v^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{1}{2}v^0 + v^2 - \frac{1}{2}v^{\frac{3}{2}} + v^{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{2}v^0 \\ &= 3v^2 - \frac{5}{2}v^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{3}{2}v^{\frac{1}{2}} - 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3. a) y &= (1-2x)(3x-4), \quad x=2 \quad \text{at } x=2 \Rightarrow -12(2)+11 \\ y &= (1-2x)(3) + (3x-4)(-2) \quad -12+11 \\ &= 3 - 6x - 6x + 8 \quad -13 \\ &= -13x + 11 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} b) y &= (1-x+x^2)(x-2), \quad x=1 \quad \text{at } x=1 \\ y' &= (1-x+x^2)(1) + (x-2)(-1+2x) \quad 3(1)^2 - 6(1) + 3 \\ &= 1-x+x^2 - x + 2x^2 + 2 - 4x \quad 3 - 6 + 3 \\ &= 3x^2 - 6x + 3 \quad 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} c) y &= x^4(4x^3+2), \quad x=-1 \quad \text{at } x=-1 \\ y' &= x^4(12x^2) + (4x^3+2)(4x^3) \quad 28(-1)^6 + 8(-1)^3 \\ &= 12x^6 + 16x^6 + 8x^3 \quad 28 - 8 \\ &= 28x^6 + 8x^3 \quad 20 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} d) y &= (1+x-2x^2)(3x^3+x-1), \quad x=1 \\ y' &= (1+x-2x^2)(9x^2+1) + (3x^3+x-1)(1-4x) \\ &= 9x^2 + 1 + 9x^3 + x - 18x^4 - 2x^2 + 3x^3 - 12x^4 + x - 4x^2 - 1 + 4x \\ &= -30x^4 + 12x^3 + 3x^2 + 6x \\ \text{at } x=1 &\Rightarrow -30(1)^4 + 12(1)^3 + 3(1)^2 + 6(1) \\ &\quad - 30 + 12 + 3 + 6 \\ &\quad - 9 \end{aligned}$$

1/ 6-3 cont.

3. e) $y = x^{-5}(1+x^{-1})$, $x=1$

$$\begin{aligned}y' &= x^{-5}(-1x^{-2}) + (1+x^{-1})(-5x^{-6}) \\&= -x^{-7} - 5x^{-6} - 5x^{-7} \\&= -6x^{-7} - 5x^{-6}\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{when } x=1 \Rightarrow -6(1)^{-7} - 5(1)^{-6}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -6 \\ 1^7 \\ -5 \\ \hline -11 \end{array}$$

f) $y = (2-3\sqrt{x})(4-\sqrt{x})$, $x=4$

$$y' = (2-3x^{\frac{1}{2}})\left(-\frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}}\right) + (4-x^{\frac{1}{2}})\left(-3\cdot\frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}}\right)$$

$$= -x^{-\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{3}{2}x^0 - \frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{3}{2}x^0$$

$$= -7x^{-\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{15}{2}x^0$$

$$\text{when } x=4 \Rightarrow -7 + 3$$

$$= \frac{-7}{\sqrt{x}} + 3$$

$$-7 + 3 = -\frac{1}{2}$$

4. a) $f(x) = (6x^4 - 3x^2 + 1)(2 - x^3)$ $f'(1)$

$$\begin{aligned}f'(x) &= (6x^4 - 3x^2 + 1)(-3x^2) + (2 - x^3)(24x^3 - 6x) \\&= -18x^6 + 9x^4 - 3x^2 + 48x^3 - 12x - 24x^6 + 6x^4 \\&= -42x^6 + 15x^4 + 48x^3 - 3x^2 - 12x\end{aligned}$$

$$f'(1) = -42(1)^6 + 15(1)^4 + 48(1)^3 - 3(1)^2 - 12(1)$$

$$= -42 + 15 + 48 - 3 - 12$$

$$= 6$$

b) $f(x) = (6x^4 - 3x^2 + 1)(2 - x^3)$

$$= 12x^4 - 6x^7 - 6x^2 + 3x^5 + 2 - x^3$$

$$f'(x) = 48x^3 - 42x^6 - 12x + 15x^4 - 3x^2$$

$$f'(1) = 48(1)^3 - 42(1)^6 - 12(1) + 15(1)^4 - 3(1)^2$$

$$= 48 - 42 - 12 + 15 - 3 = 6$$